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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/913,595	10/22/2001	Manabu Sasamoto	501.40474X00	3782
20457	7590 12/22/2005		EXAM	INER
ANTONELLI, TERRY, STOUT & KRAUS, LLP			HENNING, MATTHEW T	
1300 NORT	H SEVENTEENTH STR	EET	ART UNIT	DA DED AND ADED
SUITE 1800			ARTONII	PAPER NUMBER
ARLINGTO	N, VA 22209-3873		2131	
			DATE MAILED: 12/22/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applie	cation No.	Applicant(s)	
		09/91	3,595	SASAMOTO ET	AL.
Office Action Summary			iner	Art Unit	
			w T. Henning	2131	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on	the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence a	ddress
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MISSIONS of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE OF of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In n lunication. atutory period will apply a will, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUNI o event, however, may a nd will expire SIX (6) MOI application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status					
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on 21 October 2	2005.		
·		2b)⊠ This action			
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition	for allowance exc	ept for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to th	ie merits is
	closed in accordance with the practic	ce under <i>Ex parte</i>	Quayle, 1935 C.D	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Dispositi	on of Claims				
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the a	pplication.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a	e withdrawn from	consideration.		
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or electio	n requirement.		
Applicati	on Papers				
9)□ -	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.			
•	The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 December</u>		accepted or b)	objected to by the Exar	miner.
-	Applicant may not request that any object	•		•	
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including		•	` '	FR 1.121(d).
	The oath or declaration is objected to			•	• •
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim t ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	for foreign priority	under 35 U.S.C. {	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) <sub>k</sub>	<ul><li>All b) Some c) None of the priority</li></ul>	documente have l	noon received		
	2. Certified copies of the priority			Application No.	
	3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	l Stage
	application from the Internation			Treceived in this Hattoria	1 Stage
· *s	ee the attached detailed Office action	· •	, , ,	received	
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Attachment	` '		4)   Imtamilani (	Summary (PTO 442)	
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
3) 🔲 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or	· ·	5) Notice of I	nformal Patent Application (PT	O-152)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6)					

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1	This action is in response to the communication filed on 10/21/2005.
2	DETAILED ACTION
3	Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114
4	
5	A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in
6	37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is
7	eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e)
8	has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to
9	37 CFR 1,114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/21/2005 has been entered.
10	Response to Arguments
11	Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-18 have been considered but are moot in
12	view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
13	Claims 1-18 have been examined and 19-46 have been cancelled.
14	All objections and rejections not set forth below have been withdrawn.
15	Title
16	The title of the invention as amended is acceptable.
17	Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112
18	The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
19 20 21	The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
22	Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing
23	to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the
24	invention.

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Claim 4 recites the limitation "such information" in line 6. There is multiple antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. As such, the ordinary person skilled in the art would be unable to determine whether the information being added to packets was the "information capable of identifying timing" or the first key information or the second key information. The examiner will assume, for purposes of searching art that the information being referred to is the information capable of identifying timing.

Claim 4 further recites the limitation "said key information". It is unclear whether this is referring to the first key information or the second key information.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chou (US Patent Number 6,167,136), and further in view of Wonfor et al. (US Patent Number 6,381,747) hereinafter referred to as Wonfor

Regarding claim 1, Chou disclosed a digital signal recorder for recording a digital signal on a recording medium (See Chou Abstract), comprising: first key information generation unit to generate at least one item of first key information which is apparatus specific key information (See Chou Col. 6 Lines 34-38 DK<sub>A</sub>); second key information generation unit to generate at least

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- 1 one item of second key information (See Chou Col. 6 Lines 39-43 and Col. 7 Paragraph 1; i); 2 key generation unit which receives said both of said first and second key information generated 3 by said first key information generation unit and said second key information generation unit and 4 performs a prescribed arithmetic operation thereon to generate a key (See Chou Col. 6 Lines 44-58); an encryption circuit which receives said key and said digital signal and encrypts said digital 5 6 signal with said key (See Chou Col. 6 Lines 59-65), and outputs the resulting encrypted digital signal in a case where said digital signal needs copy protection (See Chou Col. 6 Lines 59-65); 7 and a recording circuit which records at least one of said at least one item of second key 8 9 information generated by said second key information generation unit, together with said 10 encrypted digital signal in a case where said digital signal needs copy protection (See Chou Col. 11 6 Line 66 – Col. 7 Line 5), but failed to disclose recording said digital signal without encryption 12 in a case where said digital signal needs no copy protection. 13 Wonfor teaches that not all data needs to be copy protected and teaches a system that 14 turns off copy protection when it is not needed (See Wonfor Col. 2 Line 66 – Col. 3 Line 7 and 15 Col. 12 Table 2). It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of 16 17 invention to employ the teachings of Wonfor in the copy protection system of Chou by only 18 scrambling the data that needed copy protection and not scrambling the data that didn't need 19 copy protection. This would have been obvious because the ordinary person would have been
  - Regarding claim 2, Chou and Wonfer disclosed that said digital signal has a packet format of a prescribed length (See Chou Col. 6 Lines 17-23).

motivated to prevent unnecessary processing to copy protect data that did not need it.

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Regarding claim 3, Chou and Wonfer disclosed that the second key information generation unit has a function for updating said at least one item of said second key information at a prescribed time interval (See Chou Col. 5 Lines 34-39, Col. 6 Lines 59-61 and 7 Lines 2-5); and said recording circuit has a function for recording information capable of identifying timing when said second key information generation unit updates said key information (See Chou Col. 5 Lines 43-48). Regarding claim 4, Chou and Wonfer disclosed that said digital signal has a packet format of a prescribed length (See Chou Col. 5 Lines 34-39); and said recording circuit has a function for adding information capable of identifying timing where said second key information generation unit updates said key information, and where such information is added to packets of said digital signal and recorded on said recording medium (See Chou Col. 5 Paragraph 4 and Col. 6 Paragraph 5). Regarding claim 5, Chou and Wonfer disclosed said encryption circuit has a function capable of selecting between a first function for encrypting and outputting said digital signal, and a second function for outputting said digital signal as is without encryption (See the rejection of claim 1 above); and said recording circuit has a function for recording, in a prescribed area on said recording medium, encryption flag information indicating whether or not said digital signal is encrypted, and, when not encrypted, not recording said second key information (See Wonfor Col. 8 Lines 17-23 and Table 2). Regarding claim 6, Chou and Wonfer disclosed that said digital signal has a packet format of a prescribed length (See Chou Col. 5 Lines 34-39); and said recording circuit has a

function for adding encryption flag information indicating whether or not said digital signal is

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l encrypted, to packets of said digital signal, and a function for recording on said recording

2 medium (See Wonfor Col. 8 Lines 17-23 and Table 2).

Claims 7-12, and 14-17, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Chou and Wonfor, as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Kim (US Patent Number 6,466,733).

Regarding claim 7, the combination of Chou and Wonfer disclosed a digital signal recorder in which a digital signal of a packet format of a prescribed length is input comprising: first key information generation unit to generate at least one item of first key information which is apparatus specific key information; second key information generation unit to generate at least one item of second key information; key generation unit to receive both of said first and second key information generated by said first key information generation unit and said second key information generation unit, and perform a prescribed arithmetic operation to generate a key; an encryption circuit which receives said key and said digital signal, encrypts said digital signal with said key and outputs the resulting encrypted digital signal in a case where said digital signal needs copy protection; and a recording circuit which records at least one of said at least on item of second key information generated by said second key information generation unit, together with said encrypted digital signal in a case where said digital signal needs copy protection, and records said digital signal without encryption in a case where said digital signal needs no copy protection (See rejection of claims 1-2 above), but failed to disclose dividing the signal into other prescribed lengths; a synchronization signal, recording information signal, auxiliary information signal, and first error correction code are added thereto to define a block format; one track is formed by a prescribed number of blocks thus made; a second error correction code is added in

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- 1 units of n tracks (where n is an integer 1 or greater); said second error correction code is also
- 2 divided and said first error correction code is added thereto to constitute a block format; and said
- 3 tracks are recorded on said recording medium.
- 4 Kim teaches a method for recording a digital transport stream by creating tracks from
- 5 video packets and providing three error correction codes to each track (See Kim Figs. 2, 3, and 5
- 6 and Col. 6 Paragraphs 4-7 and Col. 7 Paragraphs 3-4).
- 7 It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of
- 8 invention to employ the teachings of Kim in the recorder of Chou and Wonfer by storing the
- 9 encrypted packets in the ECC block format of Kim. This would have been obvious because the
- ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to protect the stored programs
- 11 against errors.
- Regarding claim 8, see the rejection of claim 1 above wherein it would have been
- obvious to store the frame identification number in an auxiliary storage area because the frame
- 14 identification number is auxiliary data.
- Regarding claim 9, see the rejection of claim 3 above.
- Regarding claim 10, Chou, Wonfer, and Kim disclosed that timing information was
- included in the stored block data (see Kim Col. 5 Paragraph 6).
- 18 Regarding claim 11, Chou, Wonfer, and Kim disclosed that timing information was
- stored in an auxiliary section (See Kim Col. 6 Paragraph 4 and Col. 7 Paragraph 3).
- 20 Regarding claim 12, Chou, Wonfer, and Kim disclosed adding timing information to the
- 21 blocks identifying the timing of the packets (See Kim Col. 2 Lines 54-57)

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1	Regarding claim 13, Chou, Wonfer, and Kim disclosed that the frame identification
2	number was updated every frame and there was at least one frame per track (See Chou Col. 5
3	Paragraph 4). Therefore, the frame identification number was updated for every track.
4	Regarding claim 14, see the rejection of claim 7 above.
5	Regarding claim 15-17, see the rejection of claims 5-6 above.
6	Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination
7	of Chou, Wonfor, and Kim, as applied to claim 14 above, and further in view of Yuval et al. (US
8	Patent Number 5,586,186) hereinafter referred to as Yuval.
9	The combination of Chou, Wonfor, and Kim disclosed encrypting certain data and not
10	other data, (See the rejection of claim 1 above), but failed to disclose switching to determine
11	whether or not to encrypt every n tracks.
12	Yuval teaches that for efficiency, only every nth track should be encrypted (See Yuval
13	Col. 6 Lines 13-23).
14	It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of
15	invention to employ the teachings of Yuval in the copy protection system of Chou, Wonfor, and
16	Kim by encrypting every nth track. This would have been obvious because the ordinary person
17	skilled in the art would have been motivated to make the copy protection system more efficient
18	in both the encryption and decryption.
19	Conclusion
20	Claims 1-18 have been rejected.

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1	Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the
2	examiner should be directed to Matthew T. Henning whose telephone number is (571) 272-3790
3	The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-4.
4	If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's
5	supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (571) 272-3795. The fax phone number for the
6	organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.
7	Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent
8	Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications
9	may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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22 Assistant Examiner

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